

CD-ROM SYSTEM

BIOS Ver1.00

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IPL INFORMATION

IPLBLK Top record no. where the program is contained
 IPLBLN No. of records for program to read
 IPLSTA Main memory address for program read
 IPLJMP Starting address of execution after program read
 IPLMPR Bank no. to set to MPR before program read
 OPENMODE Opening mode

By setting the bits (bit5,0) to the value specified by OPENMODE in IPL INFORMATION, data can be loaded into VRAM and displayed before loading the user program.

bit 7654_3210

```

    |
    |
    |----- 0: Do not load
    |          1: Load
    |----- 0: Display ON
    |          1: Display OFF
    
```

GRPBLK H, GRPBLK M, and GRPBLK L specifies the top record of data to load.

GRPADR L and GRPADR H specifies the top VRAM address into which BG font data is read.

GRPBLN specifies the total record that contains color palette data, BAT data, and BG font data in the format shown below.

IPL GRAPHIC DATA FORMAT

GRPBLK	1 RECORD	:
	1 RECORD	:
	GRPBLN	:
	GLPBLN - 2 RECORD	:
		:
		:

By setting the bits (bit7,6,1) to the value specified by OPENMODE in IPL INFORMATION, data can be loaded into ADPCM buffer and displayed before loading the user program.

bit 7654_3210

```

    |
    |----- 0: Load
    |          1: Do not load
    |----- 0: Playback
    |          1: Do not playback
    |----- 0: Playback once
    |          1: Repeat playback
    
```

ADPBLK H, ADPBLK M, and ADPBLK L specifies the top record of data to load.
 ADPBLN specifies the number of ADPCM data record.
 ADPRATE specifies the ADPCM sampling rate.

Normal Memory Layout

Logical Address

\$FFFF	BIOS ROM	MPR7=00
\$E000 \$DFFF	USER AREA	
\$C000 \$BFFF	USER AREA	
\$A000 \$9FFF	USER AREA	
\$8000 \$7FFF	USER AREA	
\$6000 \$5FFF	USER AREA	
\$4000 \$3FFF	WORK RAM	MPR1=F8
\$2000 \$1FFF	I/O	MPR0=FF
\$0000		

When calling BIOS or using an interrupt routine from BIOS, MPR0,1,7 cannot be changed.

Memory Layout At PSG Driver Load Time

Logical Address

\$FFFF

BIOS ROM	MPR7=00
----------	---------

\$E000

\$DFFF

PSG DRIVER	MPR6=02
------------	---------

\$C000

\$BFFF

PSG DATA 1	MPR5=??
------------	---------

\$A000

\$9FFF

PSG DATA 0	MPR4=??
------------	---------

\$8000

\$7FFF

USER AREA	
-----------	--

\$6000

\$5FFF

USER AREA	
-----------	--

\$4000

\$3FFF

WORK RAM	MPR1=F8
----------	---------

\$2000

\$1FFF

I/O	MPR0=FF
-----	---------

\$0000

When the PSG driver is loaded, MPR 4,5,6 are set as shown at left. After completion of the PSG driver, they will be reset to the user set status. A user interrupt routine cannot be set here.

Memory Layout At Graphic Driver Load Time

Logical Address

\$FFFF	BIOS ROM	MPR7=00
\$E000 \$DFFF	GRAPHIC DRIVER	MPR6=03
\$C000 \$BFFF	USER AREA	
\$A000 \$9FFF	USER AREA	
\$8000 \$7FFF	USER AREA	
\$6000 \$5FFF	USER AREA	
\$4000 \$3FFF	WORK RAM	MPR1=F8
\$2000 \$1FFF	I/O	MPRO=FF
\$0000		

When GRAPHIC DRIVER is loaded, MPR 6 is set as shown at left. After completion of the GRAPHIC DRIVER, it will be reset to the user set status. A user interrupt routine cannot be set here.

Memory Layout At Kanji ROM Load Time

Logical Address

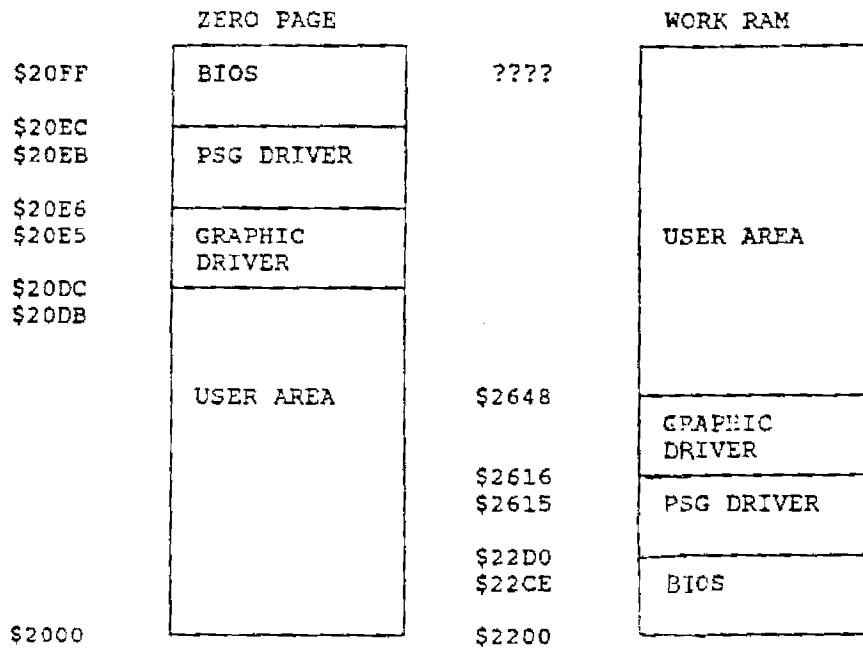
\$FFFF	BIOS ROM	MPR7=00		
\$E000 \$DFFF	KANJI ROM 1	MPR6=??	USER AREA	
\$C000 \$BFFF	KANJI ROM 0	MPR5=??	USER AREA	
\$A000 \$9FFF	USER AREA		KANJI ROM 1	MPR4 =??
\$8000 \$7FFF	USER AREA		KANJI ROM 0	MPR3 =??
\$6000 \$5FFF	USER AREA			
\$4000 \$3FFF	WORK RAM	MPR1=F8		
\$2000 \$1FFF	I/O	MPR0=FF		
\$0000				

Two kinds of mapping shown above are possible. Which map is used depends on the specified Kanji font data destination address.

Destination address: below \$A000, Kanji ROM \$A000 ~ \$DFFF

Destination address: above \$A000, Kanji ROM \$6000 ~ \$9FFF

RAM Memory Layout



Working area of the PSG DRIVER and the GRAPHIC DRIVER can be used as a user area when each driver is not used. Do not destroy the BIOS area.

[\$00] CD_BOOT: Boot CD-ROM BIOS

IN None
 OUT None

Description Shifts to CD-ROM BIOS boot status.
 Displays the title picture and waits for the RUN command.

[\$01] CD_RESET: Reset CD drive

IN None
 OUT AREG: Execution result
 \$00 OK
 ELSE SUB ERROR CODE
 (See SUB ERROR CODE list)

Description Brings CD-ROM drive to the power up state.
 If drive is reset, the drive will check a DISC and read TOC when next command is issued. It will take a few seconds to reach ready status, therefore, make sure to check CD_STAT to see if the drive is ready before issuing the next command. Do not use this call except for a DISC change. (Not necessary to call this command for initialization of application.)

[\$02] CD_BASE: Set Base Address of Data Record No.

IN _BH: Base address type
 %0000_00XX LOG.BLOCK %0100_00XX CD-ATIME %1000_00XX CD-TNO
 _AL: A_RECH AMIN(BCD) TNO(BCD)
 _AH: A_REC M ASEC(BCD) NO USE
 _BL: A_REC L AFRAME(BCD) NO USE

 _CL: Set mode
 bit 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0
 XXXXXX00 Set both
 XXXXXX01 Set first
 XXXXXX10 Set second
 XXXXXX11 Do not set

OUT _AL: A_RECH
 _AH: A_REC M
 _BL: A_REC L

Description There are 2 sets of base addresses. Normally, the system sets the head record (IPL RECORD) of the top data track to both addresses during IPL. At data read, based on the base address the user will specify an offset read address. Normally the first set base address is used but when a not recoverable DISC damage occurs, the second set is used. Specify the top of the alternate track prepared by the user for errors as the second base address. The first base address is changeable. If an alternate track is not used, use the same address for the first second base address.

[\$03] CD_READ: Read Data from CD

IN _CL: REC H
 _CH: REC M
 _DL: REC L

_DH: Data read address type
 01:LOCAL FE:VRAM FF:VRAM 2~6:MPR NO.
_BL: ADR L ADR L ADR L BANK NO. (\$80~\$87)
_BH: ADR H ADR H ADR H NO USE

_AL: REC LEN BYTE LEN L REC LEN REC LENGTH
_AH: NO USE BYTE LEN H NO USE NO USE

OUT AREG: Execution result
 \$00 OK
 ELSE SUB ERROR CODE

Description Length of a record is 2KB. VDTIN_FLG is set to 1 during a read to VRAM. Normal operation is not guaranteed if MAWR or MARR is changed by interrupt, etc. during this time. Read using an MPR.NO. will read to the specified RAM BANK using the specified MPR.NO as an access window. Example, MPR=3, \$6000 ~ \$7FFF If the number of record is more than 4 (8KB), the specified bank number will be changed by incrementing one. The current bank number will be saved and restored.

[\$04] CD_SEEK: Seek CD to a Specified Address

IN _CL: RECH
 _CH: RECM
 _DL: RECL

OUT None

Description Moves the head of the CD-ROM to a specified address. The head will automatically be returned to the home position and the drive motor will be turned off if no commands are received for 15 minutes. A command issued after this will take longer to complete as the motor must be restarted and the head must be moved back into position.

[05] **CD_EXEC: Read Data From CD to Specified Address**

IN

_CL: RECH
_CH: RECM
_DL: RECL

_DH: Data read address type
01:LOCAL ELSE:MPR NO. (2 ~ 6)
_BL: ADR L BANK NO. (\$80 ~ \$87)
_BH: ADR H NO USE

_AL: REC LENGTH REC LENGTH
_AH: NO USE NO USE

Description It will be reset if an error occurs.

[06] CD_PLAY: Search and Playback CD Audio

```

IN  _BH: Playback start address type
      %0000_0000    %0100_0000    %1000_0000    %1100_0000
      LOG.BROCK    CD-ATIME    CD-TNO    CURRENT
  _AL: A_REC H    AMIN(BCD)    TNO(BCD)    NO USE
  _AH: A_REC M    ASEC(BCD)    NO USE    NO USE
  _BL: A_REC L    AFRAME(BCD)    NO USE    NO USE

  _DH: Playback end address type
      %00YY_YYYY    %01YY_YYYY    %10YY_YYYY    %11YY_YYYY
      LOG.BROCK    CD-ATIME    CD-TNO    READ OUT
  _CL: A_REC H    AMIN(BCD)    TNO(BCD)    NO USE
  _CH: A_REC M    ASEC(BCD)    NO USE    NO USE
  _DL: A_REC L    AFRAME(BCD)    NO USE    NO USE

  _DH: Play mode
      bit 7654_3210
          YY_YYYY
      XX00_0000    Mute play. Status will return right
                    after command is received.

      XX00_0001    Infinite repeat play. Drive is busy
                    after command is received until the next
                    command issuance.

      XX00_0010    Normal play. Drive is busy after the
                    command is received until playback
                    completion.

      XX00_0011    Normal play. Status will return right
                    after the command is received.

      XX00_0100    Do not change from previously set mode.

OUT  AREG:    Execution result
          $00 OK
          ELSE SUB ERROR CODE

```

Description After fade out execution, and if not canceled, the sound circuit will be set to muting status. Cancel fade out by issuing CD_FADE in advance.

[\$07] CD_SEARCH: Search CD Audio Track

IN _BH: Address type of search objective
 %0000_00XX %0100_00XX %1000_00XX
 LOG.BROCK CD-ATIME CD-TNO
 _AL: A_REC H AMIN(BCD) TNO(BCD)
 _AH: A_REC M ASEC(BCD) NO USE
 _BL: A_REC L AFRAME(BCD) NO USE
 _BH: Search mode
 bit 7654_3210
 XXXX_XX??

┌── 0 : No return until search is completed
 1 : Return after search without
 completing the search.
 └── 0 : Pause where search is completed.
 1 : Play from where search is
 completed. (To DFSC #1)

OUT AREG: Execution result
 \$00 OK
 ELSE SUB ERROR CODE

Description When search mode is set to 1, the execution result will always be 0. To find errors, issue CD-STAT set to drive BUSY check. After checking, SCSISTS will be set to 0 if normal termination occurred, and to a non-zero number if an error occurred. (The search operation and the contents of SCSISTS will not be guaranteed if a drive command is issued before the search command was completed.)

[\$08] CD_PAUSE: Pause CD Audio Playback

IN None

OUT AREG: Execution result
 \$00 OK
 ELSE SUB ERROR CODE

Description Stops playback at the current position during audio playback. In order to continue playback, call CD_PLAY using the current position as the playback starting address.

[\$09] CD_STAT: Check CD Drive Status

IN AREG: Get status mode
 \$00 Drive busy check
 ELSE Drive unit ready check

OUT AREG: Execution result
 BUSY CHECK READY CHECK
 \$00 NOT BUSY \$00 READY
 ELSE BUSY ELSE SUB ERROR CODE

[\$0A] CD_SUBQ: Read Play Status and Sub Code Q

IN _BX: Read buffer (10 bytes) address

OUT AREG: Execution result
 \$00 OK
 ELSE SUB ERROR CODE

Description SUBCODE-Q 10bytes
 0: PLAYING STATUS
 \$00 PLAYING
 \$01 STILL
 \$02 PAUSE
 \$03 NOT PLAYING

1: CONTROL/ADDRESS
 bit 3 2 1 0
 0 0 X 0 2 AUDIO CHANNELS WITHOUT PRE-EMPHASIS
 0 0 X 1 2 AUDIO CHANNELS WITH PRE-EMPHASIS
 1 0 X 0 4 AUDIO CHANNELS WITHOUT PRE-EMPHASIS
 1 0 X 1 4 AUDIO CHANNELS WITH PRE-EMPHASIS
 0 1 X 0 DATA TRACK
 0 1 X 1 RESERVED
 1 1 X X RESERVED
 X X 0 X DIGITAL COPY PROHIBITED
 X X 1 X DIGITAL COPY PERMITTED

2: TRACK NO(BCD)
 3: INDEX(BCD)
 4: REAL MIN(BCD)
 5: REAL SEC(BCD)
 6: REAL FRAME(BCD)
 7: TOTAL MIN(BCD)
 8: TOTAL SEC(BCD)
 9: TOTAL FRAME(BCD)

Data contents are guaranteed if the drive is ready and the disk is rotating.

[\$0B] CD_DINFO: Read TOC (Table Of Contents) Data.

IN _BX: Read buffer (4 bytes) address

_AL: Read data type

%0000_0000	%0000_0001	%0000_0010	%0000_0011
MIN TNO(BCD)	READOUT AMIN	AMIN(BCD)	A_REC H
MAX TNO(BCD)	READOUT ASEC	ASEC(BCD)	A_REC M
0	READOUT AFRAME	AFRAME(BCD)	A_REC L
0	0	SUB-Q CONTROL	SUB-Q CONTROL

_AH: TNO(BCD) (Valid when _AL is 0000_0010 or 0000_0011)

OUT AREG: Execution result
 \$00 OK
 ELSE SUB ERROR CODE

Description Reads TOC information of the DISC currently attached. Maximum track number is 99.

[\$0C] CD_CONTNTS: Initialize System Work

IN None

OUT AREG: \$00 OK
 ELSE SUB ERROR CODE

TNOMIN: Minimum track number (BCD)
 TNC:MAX: Maximum track number (BCD)
 OUTMIN: Read out area start minute (BCD)
 OUTSEC: Read out area start second (BCD)
 OUTFRM: Read out area start frame (BCD)

Description The information listed above is normally set up during IPL. If DISC is changed during use, BIOS will not recognize this fact, so reset the system using this call. If this call is not used to notify BIOS of a change, BIOS calls will not be guaranteed.

[\$11] AD_TRANS: Transfer Data From CD to ADPCM Buffer

IN _CL: REC H
 _CH: REC M
 _DL: REC L

 _AL: Number of transfer record

 _DH: Transfer mode
 \$00 Set top address of destination
 ELSE Transfer to current write point
 (Address specification by _BX is unnecessary)

 _BX: ADPCM buffer address

OUT AREG: Execution result
 \$00 OK
 ELSE SUB ERROR CODE

[\$12] AD_READ: Read Data from ADPCM Buffer to Memory

IN _CX: ADPCM Buffer address

 _DH: Read address type
 00:LOCAL FF:VRAM 2 ~ 6:MPR NO.
 _BL: ADR L ADR L BANK NO.(\$80 ~ \$87)
 _BH: ADR H ADR H NO USE

OUT AREG: Execution result
 \$00 OK
 ELSE ERROR

Description VDTIN_FLG changes to 1 during a read to VRAM. If MAWR or MARR is changed during this time because of an interrupt, etc., normal operation is not guaranteed.

[\$15] AD_CPLAY: Continue ADPCM Playback

IN _CL: RECH
 _CH: RECM
 _DL: RECL

 _AL: No. of playback record L
 _AH: No. of playback record M
 _BL: No. of playback record H

 _DH: Sampling rate (\$00 ~ \$0E)
 f KHz = 32 / (16 * _DH)

OUT AREG: Execution result
 \$00 OK
 ELSE ERROR

Description Continues playback of ADPCM by regularly transferring 16 records of ADPCM data to the ADPCM buffer from the specified record. Minimum playback record number is 32 records. If read data, etc. is executed during repeated playback, head will move to a location more than 200 records away from the next ADPCM to be read or read operation will be retried. Then the ADPCM data cannot be read and playback will stop.

[\$16] AD_STOP: Stop Data Playback ADPCM Buffer

IN None

OUT None

Description Stops ADPCM playback. Since playback speed is about 16KHz, a delay will occur before stopping. Check stop status through AD_STAT.

[\$17] AD_STAT: Read ADPCM Controller Status

IN None

OUT AREG: ADPCM controller status
 \$00 ADPCM not busy (End or Not play)
 ELSE ADPCM busy

 XREG: ADPCM buffer and playback status
 \$00 Playing
 More than a half buffer of data left
 \$01 Stop playback
 \$04 Playing
 Less than a half buffer of data left

[\$13] AD_WRITE: Write Data from Memory to ADPCM BufferIN **_CX:** ADPCM buffer address**_DH:** Write data address type

00:LOCAL FF:VRAM 2~6:MPR NO.

_BL: ADR L ADR L BANK NO. (\$80 ~ \$87)**_BH:** ADR H ADR H NO USE**_AX:** Number of write size byteOUT **AREG:** Execution result
\$00 OK
ELSE ERROR

Description VDTIN_FLG changes to 1 during a read to VRAM. If MAWR or MARR is changed during this time because of an interrupt, etc., normal operation is not guaranteed.

[\$14] AD_PLAY: Partial Playback of ADPCM Buffer DataIN **_BX:** ADPCM buffer playback starting address**_AX:** Number of playback size byte**_DH:** SAMPLING RATE (\$00 ~ \$0E)
fKHz = 32 / (16 ~ _DH)**_DL:** Mode

bit 7654_3210

?XXX_XXX?

COUNTER MODE

0: Set ADR, LENGTH, and RATE

1: Set previous ADR, LENGTH, and RATE

PLAY MODE

0: AUTO STOP

1: REPEAT

OUT **AREG:** Execution result
\$00 OK
ELSE ERROR

Description This call will results in an error during AD-PCM playback. To ensure execution, stop playback by issuing AD_STOP. Then check to make sure playback is stopped using AD_STAT. If the status is okay, it is safe to issue the AD_PLAY command.

Back Up Memory Format

2KB battery back up memory is provided for IFU-30. This memory is commonly used by multiple applications, and is managed in the following format:

RAM file top

0000-0003	"HUBM" Back up memory ID
0004.w	RAM file size
0006.w	Unused area address
0008 ~ 000f	System reserved area

FCB format

+ 00.w	USER ID
+ 02.10byte	File name

DIR format

+ 00.w	Data block length + 10H
+ 02.w	Data block and FCB check sum
+ 04.12byte	FCB data
+ 16...	Data block

\$8000 ~ \$dfff are used as windows for back up memory access.

[\$18] BM_FORMAT: Initialize Back Up Memory

IN _AX: Password Address
Password = "IBM FORMAT!"

OUT AREG: Execution result
\$00 OK
\$01 Cannot format

Description Prepare the password buffer and set its top address to _AX. If the password does not match, do not format.

[\$19] BM_FREE: Check Free Back Up Memory

IN None
OUT _CX: Unused capacity in bytes
AREG: Execution result
\$00 OK
\$FF Format error

[\$1A] BM_READ: Read Data from Back Up Memory

IN _AX: FCB address
_BX: Data read address
_CX: No. of bytes to read
_DX: Offset within file from top
OUT _CX: No. of bytes actually read
AREG: Execution result
\$00 OK
\$01 Cannot find file
\$02 Bad data (Check sum error)
\$FF Format error

[\$1B] BM_WRITE: Write Data to Back Up Memory

IN _AX: FCB address
_BX: Data memory address
_CX: No. of bytes to write
_DX: Offset within file from top
OUT AREG: Execution result
\$00 OK
\$01 Not enough back up memory
\$FF Format error

[\$1C] BM_DELETE: Delete Data from Back Up Memory

IN _AX: FCB address

OUT AREG: Execution result
\$00 OK
\$01 Cannot delete
\$FF Format error

[\$1D] BM_FILES: Search Back Up Memory File

IN _BX: FCB destination address
_AL: Number from top of file (top = 1)

OUT AREG: Execution result
\$00 OK
\$01 Cannot find file
_AL = Largest file number
\$FF Format error

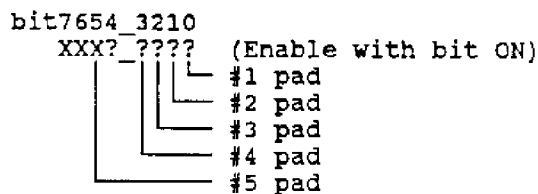
[\$1E] EX_GETVER: Get BIOS Version No.

IN None

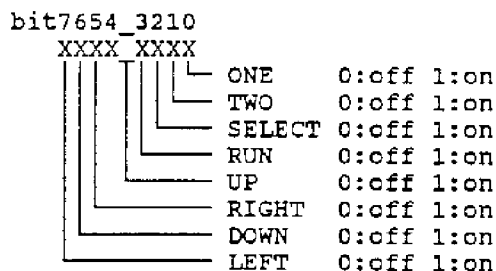
OUT XREG: Integer part of version number
YREG: Decimal part of version number

[\$21] EX_JOYSNS: Sense Joy Pad Status

IN JOYENA: Specifies software reset enable/disable.
 Fixed to 1 when multi-tap is not used.
 When multi-tap is used, refer to the following:



OUT JOY,X: Senses ON/OFF
 (X = 0 to 4)
 JOYTRG,X: Sense trigger (OFF -> ON)
 (X = 0 to 4)
 JOYOLD,X: JOY contents of work one loop before
 (X = 0 to 4)



[\$23] EX_SCRSIZ: Set No. of Characters in Virtual Screen
 (Set to memory width register MWR)

IN AREG: Screen size (SCREEN;R09 bit4-6)

bit	2	1	0	x	y
0	0	0	0	32	32
0	0	1	0	64	32
0	1	0	0	128	32
0	1	1	0	128	32
1	0	0	0	32	64
1	0	1	0	64	64
1	1	0	0	128	64
1	1	1	0	128	64

OUT None

[\$24] EX_DOTMOD: Set VRAM Access Dot Width
(Set to memory width register MWR)

IN AREG: Dot size (VM;R09 bit0,1 SM;R09 bit 2,3)

OUT None

[\$25] EX_SCRMOD: Set Screen Mode

IN AREG: Clock
\$00 5MHz
\$01 7MHz

XREG: Horizontal character size (do not use odd data)
10 ~ 34 (5MHz)
16 ~ 44 (7MHz)

YREG: Vertical character size
10 ~ 30 (5MHz, 7MHz)

OUT CARRY: 0 OK
1 ERROR

Description Default value is 5MHz, 32 x 30.

[\$26] EX_IMODE: Set Increment Width for Memory Access
(IW;R05 bit 11,12)

IN AREG: 0 +1
1 +32
2 +64
3 +128

OUT None

[\$27] EX_VMODE: Set VRAM Address Increment Width to 32,64,128 According to the Screen with EX_SCRSIZ.

IN None

OUT None

Description Set screen mode using EX_SCRMOD before using EX_VMODE. Use IRQ routine in BIOS.

[\$28] EX_HMODE: Set VRAM Address Increment Width by 1
IN None
OUT None
Description Set screen mode using EX_SCRMOD before using EX_HMODE. Use IRQ routine in BIOS.

[\$29] EX_VSYNC: WAIT VSYNC
IN None
OUT None
BREAK AREG
Description Use IRQ routine in BIOS. EX_VSYNC will return without waiting for VSYNC when Bit1 of IRQ_M is ON (while IRQ). If VSYNC IRQ is OFF, it is set ON.

[\$2A] EX_RCRON: RASTER HIT IRQ ON (IE;R05 bit2)
IN None
OUT None
BREAK AREG
Description Use IRQ routine in BIOS.

[\$2B] EX_RCROFF: RASTER HIT IRQ OFF (IE;R05 bit2)
IN None
OUT None
BREAK AREG
Description Use IRQ routine in BIOS.

[\$2C] EX_IRQON: VSYNC IRQ ON (IE;R05 bit3)
IN None
OUT None
BREAK AREG
Description Use IRQ routine in BIOS.

[\$2D]	EX_IRQOFF:	VSYNC IRQ OFF (IE;R05 bit3)
IN	None	
OUT	None	
BREAK	AREG	
Description	Use IRQ routine in BIOS.	

[\$2E]	EX_BGON:	Background Display ON (BB;R05 bit7)
IN	None	
OUT	None	
Description	Operates at a VSYNC interrupt after call. Use IRQ routine in BIOS.	

[\$2F]	EX_BGOFF:	Background Display OFF (BB;R05 bit7)
IN	None	
OUT	None	
Description	Operates at a VSYNC interrupt after call. Use IRQ routine in BIOS.	

[\$30]	EX_SPRON:	Sprite Display ON (SB;R05 bit6)
IN	None	
OUT	None	
Description	Operates at a VSYNC interrupt after call. Use IRQ routine in BIOS.	

[\$31]	EX_SPROFF:	Sprite Display OFF (SB;R05 bit6)
IN	None	
OUT	None	
Description	Operates at a VSYNC interrupt after call. Use IRQ routine in BIOS.	

[\$32]	EX_DSPON:	Background and Sprite Display ON (SB,BB)
IN	None	
OUT	None	
Description	Operates at a VSYNC interrupt after call. Use IRQ routine in BIOS.	

[\$33] EX_DSPOFF: Background and Sprite Display OFF (SB,BB)

IN None

OUT None

Description Operates at a VSYNC interrupt after call. Use IRQ routine in BIOS.

[\$34] EX_DMAMOD: Set Operation Mode for DMA Transfer between VRAM & SATB and VRAMs. (DCR;ROF)

IN AREG: DMA mode

OUT None

[\$35] EX_SPRDMA: Set Sauced Address and Transfer Between VRAM and SATB (DVSSR;R13)

IN SAT_ADR: SAT BUFF ADR L
SAT_ADR+1: SAT BUFF ADR H

OUT None

Description Use IRQ routine in BIOS.

[\$36] EX_SATCLR: Clear Sprite Attribute Table (SAT) in VRAM

IN SAT_ADR: SAT BUFF ADR L
SAT_ADR+1: SAT BUFF ADR H

OUT SPRPTR = 0

Description Set VRAM increment width to 1.

[\$37] EX_SPRPUT: Set Sprite Attribute to Where Specified by SAT in VRAM

IN SPRPTR: Definition number
SPRYL, SPRYH: Y-coordinate
SPRXL, SPRXH: X-coordinate
SPRNL, SPRNH: Pattern number
SPRAL, SPRAH: Attribute, Color

SATADR: SAT BUFF ADR L
SAT_ADR+1 SAT BUFF ADR H

OUT SPRPTR +=1

Description Set VRAM increment width to 1.

[\$38] EX_SETRCR: Set Raster Detection Register (RCR;R06) Value

IN AREG: RCR L
XREG: RCR H

OUT None

[\$39] EX_SETRED: Set to VRAM Read Mode

IN AREG: VRAM READ START ADR L
XREG: VRAM READ START ADR H

OUT None

[\$3A] EX_SETWRT: Set to VRAM Write Mode

IN AREG: VRAM WRITE START ADR L
XREG: VRAM WRITE START ADR H

OUT None

[\$3B] EX_SETDMA: Set Source(SOUR;R10), Destination Address(DES;R11), and Transfer Block Length(LEN;R12) for DMA Transfer between VRAMs.

IN _BX: SOURCE ADDRESS
_DX: DESTINATION ADDRESS
_CX: BLOCK LENGTH

OUT None

[\$4C] EX_COLORCMD: Set and Read Color Palette

IN COLOR_CMD: Function
 \$00 Do nothing
 \$01 Read color palette
 \$02 Set color palette

BGC_PTR: Background color data buffer address L
 BGC_PTR + 1: Background color data buffer address H
 BGC_LEN: No. of background color palette

SPRC_PTR: Sprite color data buffer address L
 SPRC_PTR + 1: Sprite color data buffer address H
 SPRC_LEN: No. of sprite color palette

OUT COLOR_CMD: \$00

About color palette setting

If IRQ routine in BIOS is used, color palette cannot be set through the above EX_COLORCMD method but in the following method.

Set the following values in the BIOS work area:

BGC_PTR: Background color data buffer address L
 BGC_PTR + 1: Background color data buffer address H
 BGC_LEN: No. of background color palette

SPRC_PTR: Sprite color data buffer address L
 SPRC_PTR + 1: Sprite color data buffer address H
 SPRC_LEN: No. of sprite color palette

COLOR_CMD: Set function code
 0: Do nothing
 1: Read color palette
 2: Set color palette

Operates at a VCYNC interrupt after COLOR_CMD is set. COLOR_CMD will be cleared to 0 when the operation is completed.

[\$3C] EX_BINBCD: Switch Binary Value to BCD Value

IN AREG: Binary data

OUT AREG: BCD data
 CARRY: 0 OK
 1 ERROR

[\$3D] EX_BCDBIN: Switch BCD Value to Binary Value

IN AREG: BCD data

OUT AREG: Binary data
 CARRY: 0 OK
 1 ERROR

[\$3E] EX_RND: Get Random Number

IN None

OUT AREG: Random number

Description The following system values need to be asynchronously changed to get a random number using this call.

RANDSEED	It will be incremented by each VSYNC interrupt if using IRQ in BIOS.
RNDM	Must be changed by user.

[\$3F] MA_MUL8U: 8bit Multiplication with Unsigned Bit
8bit * 8bit = 16bit

IN _AL: Multiplicand
 _BL: Multiplier

OUT _CX: Result

[\$40] MA_MUL8U: 8bit Multiplication with Signed Bit
8bit * 8bit = 16bit

IN _AL: Multiplicand
 _BL: Multiplier

OUT _CX: Result

[\$41] MA_MUL16U: 16bit Multiplication with Unsigned Bit
16bit * 16bit = 32bit

IN _AX: Multiplicand
 _BX: Multiplier

OUT _CX(L):_DX(H)

[\$42] MA_DIV16U: 16bit Division with Unsigned Bit
16bit / 16bit = 16bit

IN _AX: Dividend
_BX: Divisor

OUT _CX: Quotient
_DX: Remainder

[\$43] MA_DIV16S: 16bit Division with Signed Bit
16bit / 16bit = 16bit

IN _AX: Dividend
_BX: Divisor

OUT _CX: Quotient
_DX: Remainder

[\$44] MA_SQRT: Square Root

IN _AX: Cardinal number

OUT _CL: Root

[\$45] MA_SIN: Get Sine

IN AREG: Degree (DEGREE: 0° ~ 90°)

OUT CARRY: 0 AREG = AREG/256 Value
1 RESULT = 256

[\$46] MA_COS: Get Cosine

IN AREG: Degree (DEGREE: 0° ~ 90°)

OUT CARRY: 0 AREG = AREG/256 Value
1 RESULT = 256

[\$47] MA_ATN: Get ATN

IN AREG: Y/X*64

OUT AREG: Value between 0° ~ 45°

[\$48] PSG_BIOS: PSG DriverIN `_DH`: Function number (\$00 - \$14)Description See PSG driver document.

[\$49] GRP_BIOS: Graphic DriverIN `_DH`: Function number (\$00 - \$0F)`_DH`

\$00:VI_GINIT Initialize graphic BIOSIN `_AX`: Graphic starting address`_BX`: Paint stack areaOUT None

\$01:VI_CASHCLR Clear graphic pointer cash. This is usually not used if initialized by VI_GINIT, shown above, which clears cash automatically.

IN None

OUT None

\$02:VI_STRTADR Get graphic starting address and stack pointer.

IN None

OUT `_AX`: Graphic starting address`_BX`: Stack pointer

\$03:VI_GETADRS Get actual address of the coordinate addressIN `_AH`: X-coordinate`_AL`: Y-coordinateOUT `_AX`: Actual address`_BH`: Bit number of byte (Count from 7th bit)

\$04:VI_CLS Clear a 4 screen area currently specified by BAT top address for graphics.

IN None

OUT None

\$05:VI_PSET Dot at the specified coordinates

IN _AH: X-coordinate
 _AL: Y-coordinate
 _DL: Color code (0 ~ 15)

OUT None

\$06:VI_POINT Get color of a specified coordinate

IN _AH: X-coordinate
 _AL: Y-coordinate

OUT AREG: Color code of the coordinate

\$07:VI_LINE Draw a line between specified coordinates

IN _AH: X-coordinate of start point
 _AL: Y-coordinate of start point
 _BH: X-coordinate of end point
 _BL: Y-coordinate of end point
 _DL: Color code of line

OUT None

\$08:VI_BOX Draw a box using the specified coordinates as a diagonal line

IN _AH: X-coordinate of start point
 _AL: Y-coordinate of start point
 _BH: X-coordinate of end point
 _BL: Y-coordinate of end point
 _DL: Color code of line

OUT None

\$09:VI_BOXF Draw a box using the specified coordinates as a diagonal line
and fill

IN _AH: X-coordinate of start point
 _AL: Y-coordinate of start point
 _BH: X-coordinate of end point
 _BL: Y-coordinate of end point
 _DL: Color code of line and fill

OUT None

\$0A:VI_FLOOD Paint from the specified coordinate

IN _AH: X-coordinate of start point
 _AL: Y-coordinate of start point
 _DL: Color code of paint

OUT None

\$0B:VI_PAINT Paint from the specified coordinate (different from the above FLOOD). Border line is specified and filled.

IN _AH: X-coordinate
 _AL: Y-coordinate
 _BH: Border line bit (H)
 _BL: Border line bit (L)
 _DL: Color code of paint

OUT None

\$0C:VI_GWINDOW Set window at the specified coordinate

IN _AH: X-coordinate of start point (character unit)
 _AL: Y-coordinate of start point (character unit)
 _BH:
 _BL:
 _CH: No. of characters in X direction
 _CL: No. of characters in Y direction
 _DL: Color bank (not code)

OUT None

\$0D:VI_GFONT Select font type for PUTFONT and SYMBOL output

IN _AL: Select type
 0: 16 dot font
 1: 12 dot font
 2: 8 dot font
 4: User defined character

OUT None

\$0E:VI_PUTFONT Display Kanji at the specified coordinate

IN _AH: X-coordinate
 _AL: Y-coordinate
 _BX: Character font number
 _CL: Select back color and mode
 bit 0 ~ 3: Back color
 bit 6: Back transparent (1/0)
 bit 7: Fore transparent (1/0)
 _DL: Fore color

OUT None

\$0F:VI_SYMBOL Display magnified specified character font

IN _AH: X-coordinate
 _AL: Y-coordinate
 _BX: Character font number
 _CL: Select back color and mode
 bit 0 ~ 3: Back color
 bit 4 ~ 5: Font (00:16dot, 01:12dot, 10:8dot, 11:user)
 bit 6: Back transparent (1/0)
 bit 7: Fore transparent (1/0)
 _CH: XY magnifying rate (x,y = 4/4bit, LOW/HI)
 _DL: Fore color

OUT None

[SUB ERROR CODE LIST]

- \$00 NO SENS
Does not have a valid sense byte. (Does not contain error information)
- \$04 NOT READY
CD-ROM drive not ready.
- \$0B NO DISC
CD not inserted.
- \$0D OPEN
Cover is open.
- \$11 DATA FIELD INCORRECT
More than one uncorrectable error occurred in one block.
- \$15 SEEK ERROR
Seek operation did not complete within the specified time.
- \$16 HEADER READ ERROR
Cannot detect objective CD-ROM header.
- \$1C NOT DIGITAL AUDIO TRACK
Seek object address of the AUDIO TRACK SEARCH command is located within the data area.
- \$1D NOT CDROM DATA TRACK
Read address is not located within the CD-ROM data area.
- \$20 INVALID COMMAND
Received an unsupported command. (CDB top byte)
- \$21 INVALID ADDRESS
Invalid address or value within the CDB. (BCD check)
- \$22 INVALID PARAMETER
Invalid parameter within the CDB. (Other than an unused value or a specified value)
- \$25 END OF VOLUME
Specified address exceeds disk end location.
- \$2A INVALID PARAMETER LIST
Invalid value within the parameter list.
- \$2C NOT AUDIO PLAY STATE
Audio track not in play.

Note: CDB is an abbreviation of Command Data Byte.


```
=====
;
;   PC Engine CD-ROM SYSTEM BIOS  version 1.00
;
;   BIOS ENTRY and WORK equ
;
;   880913  Takaki Kobayashi
;
=====
;
max_mapping      equ          $FFFF

;
;   BIOS ENTRY
;
cd_boot          equ          $E000
cd_reset         equ          $E003
cd_base          equ          $E006
cd_read          equ          $E009
cd_seek          equ          $E00C
cd_exec          equ          $E00F
cd_play          equ          $E012
cd_search        equ          $E015
cd_pause         equ          $E018
cd_stat          equ          $E01B
cd_subq          equ          $E01E
cd_dinfo         equ          $E021
cd_contnts       equ          $E024
cd_subrd         equ          $E027
cd_pcmrd         equ          $E02A
cd_fade          equ          $E02D

ad_reset         equ          $E030
ad_trans         equ          $E033
ad_read          equ          $E036
ad_write         equ          $E039
ad_play          equ          $E03C
ad_cplay         equ          $E03F
ad_stop          equ          $E042
ad_stat          equ          $E045

bm_format        equ          $E048
bm_free          equ          $E04B
bm_read          equ          $E04E
bm_write         equ          $E051
bm_delete        equ          $E054
bm_files         equ          $E057

ex_getver        equ          $E05A
ex_setvec        equ          $E05D
ex_getfnt        equ          $E060
ex_joysns        equ          $E063
ex_joyrep        equ          $E066
ex_scrsiz        equ          $E069
```

```

ex_dotmod      equ      $E06C
ex_scrmod      equ      $E06F
ex_imode       equ      $E072
ex_vmode       equ      $E075
ex_hmode       equ      $E078
ex_vsync       equ      $E07B
ex_rcron       equ      $E07E
ex_rcroff      equ      $E081
ex_irqon       equ      $E084
ex_irqoff      equ      $E087
ex_bgon        equ      $E08A
ex_bgoff       equ      $E08D
ex_spron       equ      $E090
ex_sproff      equ      $E093
ex_dspn        equ      $E096
ex_dspoff      equ      $E099
ex_dmamod      equ      $E09C
ex_sprdma      equ      $E09F
ex_satclr      equ      $E0A2
ex_sprput      equ      $E0A5
ex_setrcr      equ      $E0A8
ex_setred      equ      $E0AB
ex_setwrt      equ      $E0AE
ex_setdma      equ      $E0B1
ex_colorcmd    equ      $E0E4
ex_binbcd      equ      $E0B4
ex_bcdbin      equ      $E0B7
ex_rnd         equ      $E0BA

ma_mul8u       equ      $E0BD
ma_mul8s       equ      $E0C0
ma_mull6u      equ      $E0C3
ma_divl6s      equ      $E0C6
ma_divl6u      equ      $E0C9
ma_sqrt        equ      $E0CC
ma_sin         equ      $E0CF
ma_cos         equ      $E0D2
ma_atni        equ      $E0D5

psg_bios       equ      $E0D8
grp_bios       equ      $E0DB

psg_drive      equ      $E0E1

;-----
;   ZERO PAGE WORK
;
zpgtop         equ      $20DC
;
zpg_grp_top    equ      $20DC
vi_bitpat      equ      $20DC      ;1
vi_rvbitpat    equ      $20DD      ;1
vi_ft_front    equ      $20DE
vi_padr        equ      $20DE      ;2

```

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```

vi_porg      equ      $20E0      ;1
vi_ft_back   equ      $20E1      ;3
vi_stack     equ      $20E4      ;2
;
zpg_psg_top  equ      $20E6
time_sw      equ      $20E6      ;1
main_sw      equ      $20E7      ;1
si           equ      $20E8
si_l         equ      $20E8      ;1
si_h         equ      $20E9      ;1
r0           equ      $20EA
r0_l         equ      $20EA      ;1
r0_h         equ      $20EB      ;1
;
zpg_sys_top  equ      $20EC
zx0          equ      $20EC
z10          equ      $20EC      ;1
zh0          equ      $20ED      ;1
zx1          equ      $20EE
z11          equ      $20EE      ;1
zh1          equ      $20EF      ;1
zx2          equ      $20F0
z12          equ      $20F0      ;1
zh2          equ      $20F1      ;1
cdi_b        equ      $20F2      ;1
crl_m        equ      $20F3      ;1
crh_m        equ      $20F4      ;1
irq_m        equ      $20F5      ;1
str_b        equ      $20F6      ;1
reg_box      equ      $20F7      ;1
_ax          equ      $20F8
_al          equ      $20F8      ;1
_ah          equ      $20F9      ;1
_bx          equ      $20FA
_bl          equ      $20FA      ;1
_bh          equ      $20FB      ;1
_cx          equ      $20FC
_cl          equ      $20FC      ;1
_ch          equ      $20FD      ;1
_dx          equ      $20FE
_dl          equ      $20FE      ;1
_dh          equ      $20FF      ;1

```

```

;-----
;   RAM WORK
;
ramtop       equ      $2200
;
usrvec       equ      $2200
irq2_jump    equ      $2200      ;2
irq_jump     equ      $2202      ;2
tim_jump     equ      $2204      ;2
nmi_jump     equ      $2206      ;2
sync_jump    equ      $2208      ;2

```

```

rcr_jmp      equ      $220A      ;2
bgx1        equ      $220C      ;2
bgx2        equ      $220E      ;2
bgy1        equ      $2210      ;2
bgy2        equ      $2212      ;2
sat_adr     equ      $2214      ;2
sprptr      equ      $2216      ;1
spryl       equ      $2217      ;1
spryh       equ      $2218      ;1
sprxl       equ      $2219      ;1
sprxh       equ      $221A      ;1
sprnl       equ      $221B      ;1
sprnh       equ      $221C      ;1
spral       equ      $221D      ;1
sprah       equ      $221E      ;1
color_cmd   equ      $221F      ;1
bgc_ptr     equ      $2220      ;2
bgc_len     equ      $2222      ;1
sprc_ptr    equ      $2023      ;2
sprc_len    equ      $2025      ;1
joykeyflg   equ      $2226      ;1
joyena      equ      $2227      ;1
joy         equ      $2228      ;5
joytrg      equ      $222D      ;5
joyold      equ      $2232      ;5
irq_cnt     equ      $2241      ;1
notrdyflg   equ      $2247      ;1
rndseed     equ      $2249      ;1
rndl        equ      $2249      ;1
rndh        equ      $224A      ;1
rndm        equ      $224B      ;1
tnomin      equ      $226A      ;1
tnomax      equ      $226B      ;1
outmin      equ      $226C      ;1
outsec      equ      $226D      ;1
outfrm      equ      $226E      ;1
vdtin_flg   equ      $2272      ;1
rebase0_h   equ      $2274      ;1
rebase0_m   equ      $2275      ;1
rebase0_l   equ      $2276      ;1
rebase1_h   equ      $2277      ;1
rebase1_m   equ      $2278      ;1
rebase1_l   equ      $2279      ;1
scsists     equ      $227B      ;1
suberrc     equ      $227C      ;1
sibcode     equ      $227E      ;1

ramend      equ      $22D0

psg_work_top equ      $22D0
graph_work_top equ      $2616
key_work_top  equ      $2649
user_work_top equ      $267F
;-----

```

```
;   PSG_BIOS FUNCTION NUMBER
;
PSG_ON           equ      0
PSG_OFF          equ      1
PSG_INIT         equ      2
PSG_BANK         equ      3
PSG_TRACK        equ      4
PSG_WAVE         equ      5
PSG_ENV          equ      6
PSG_FM           equ      7
PSG_PE           equ      8
PSG_PC           equ      9
PSG_TEMPO        equ     10
PSG_PLAY         equ     11
PSG_MSTAT        equ     12
PSG_SSTAT        equ     13
PSG_MCTOP        equ     14
PSG_SSTOP        equ     15
PSG_ASTOP        equ     16
PSG_MVOFF        equ     17
PSG_CONT         equ     18
PSG_FDCOUT       equ     19
PSG_DCNT         equ     20
```

```
-----
;   GRP_BIOS FUNCTION NUMBER
;
VI_GINIT         equ      0
VI_CASHCLR       equ      1
VI_STRFADR       equ      2
VI_GETADRS       equ      3
VI_CLS           equ      4
VI_PSET          equ      5
VI_POINT         equ      6
VI_LINE          equ      7
VI_BOX           equ      8
VI_BOXF         equ      9
VI_FLOOD         equ     10
VI_PAINT         equ     11
VI_GWINDOW       equ     12
VI_GFONT         equ     13
VI_PUTFONT       equ     14
VI_SYMBOL        equ     15
-----
```